## Circle Geometry

## CIRCLE PROPERTIES (Diagrams can be found in notes)

$>$ Equal arcs subtend equal angles at the centre of the same circle (or circles with the same radii)
$>$ If two arcs subtend equal angles at the centre of the circle, then the arcs are equal
$>$ Equal chords subtend equal angles at the centre
$>$ Equal angles subtend at the centre of the circle cut off by two chords
$>$ The angel at the centre of a circle is double the angle at the circumference subtended by the same arc
> Angles in the same segment of a circle are equal ie. angles at the circumference standing on the same arc are equal
$>$ The angle in semi-circle is a right angle
$>$ A perpendicular line from the centre of a circle to a chord bisects the chord
$>$ A line from the centre of the circle that bisects a chord is perpendicular to the chord
$>$ Equal chords are equidistant from the centre of the circle
$>$ Chords that are equidistant from the centre are equal
$>$ The products of the intercepts of intersecting chords are equal
> The opposite angles in a cyclic quadrilateral are supplementary
$>$ If the opposite angles of a quadrilateral are supplementary, then the quadrilateral is cyclic
$>$ The exterior angle at a vertex of a cyclic quadrilateral is equal to the interior opposite angle
$>$ The tangent to a circle is perpendicular to the radius drawn from the point of contact
$>$ The line perpendicular to the radius at the point of contact is a tangent to the circle at that point
$>$ Tangents to a circle from an exterior point are equal
$>$ When the tangent touch, the line through their centres passes through their point of contact
$>$ The angle between a tangent and a chord through the point of contact is equal to the angle in the alternate segment
$>$ The square of the length of the tangent from an exterior point is equal to the point of the intercepts of the secant passing through this point

