- The Quadratic Formula
$x=\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^{2}-4 a c}}{2 a}$
- Sum and Product of the Roots of an Equation

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \alpha+\beta=\frac{-b}{a} \\
& \alpha \beta=\frac{c}{a}
\end{aligned}
$$

- Axis of symmetry of a Parabola
$x=\frac{-b}{2 a}$
- The Discriminant
$\Delta=b^{2}-4 a c$
- Types of Roots
- Real Roots
$\Delta \geq 0$
- Unreal Roots $\Delta \leq 0$
- Equal Roots
$\Delta=0$
- Rational Roots
$\Delta$ is a perfect square
- Irrational Roots
$\Delta$ is not a perfect square
- Definiteness
- Positive Definite
$a>0, \Delta<0$
- Negative Definite $a<0, \Delta<0$
- Indefinite
$\Delta \geq 0$

