## Sequences and Series

- The nth term
$\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{n}}=\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{n}}-\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{n}-1}$
- Finding terms of AP's and GP's

AP: $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{n}}=a+(n-1) d \quad$ GP: $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{n}}=a r^{n-1}$

- Arithmetic and Geometric Means
- $\mathrm{A} . \mathrm{M}=\frac{x+y}{2}$
- G.M $= \pm \sqrt{x y}$
- Sum to $\mathbf{n}$ terms of an AP
$\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{n}}=\frac{n}{2}[2 a+(n-1) d]$
- Sum to $n$ terms of a GP
$\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{n}}=\frac{a\left(1-r^{n}\right)}{1-r} \quad, r<1$
$\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{n}}=\frac{a\left(r^{n}-1\right)}{r-1}, r>1$
$\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{n}}=n a \quad, \quad r=1$
- Sum to infinity of a GP
$\mathrm{S}_{\infty}=\frac{a}{1-r}$
- Simple Interest
$\mathrm{I}=\mathrm{Prn}$
- Compound Interest
$A=P(1+r)^{n}$
$I=A-P$

